

BOARD OF INTERMEDIATE EDUCATION, KARACHI
INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION, 2016 (ANNUAL)

Date: 03.05.2016
9:30 a.m. to 9:50 a.m.

PHYSICS PAPER – I
(Science Groups)

Max. Marks: 17
Time: 20 minutes

The correct answers are highlighted in red colour.

SECTION 'A'
(MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS) – (M.C.Qs.)

Code No:PH-17

Write this Code No. in the Answerscript.

- NOTE:**
- i) This section consists of 17 part questions and all are to be answered. Each question carries one mark.
 - ii) Do not copy the part questions in your answerbook. Write only the answer in full against the proper number of the question and its part.
 - iii) The code of your question paper is to be written in bold letters in the beginning of the answerscript.
 - iv) The use of scientific calculator is allowed. All notations are used in their usual meanings.

1. Select the most appropriate answer for each from the given options:

- i) Kinetic friction is always:
 - * greater than static friction
 - * **less than static friction**
 - * equal to static friction
 - * zero
- ii) The dimensions of G are:
 - * **$M^{-1}L^3T^{-2}$**
 - * $M^2L^2T^{-2}$
 - * $M^{-1}L^2T^{-2}$
 - * MLT^{-2}
- iii) If velocity of a body is decreasing, the direction of acceleration is:
 - * in the direction of velocity
 - * perpendicular to the direction of velocity
 - * **opposite to the direction of velocity**
 - * 60° to the direction of velocity
- iv) The rate of change of angular momentum is also known as:
 - * Linear momentum
 - * **Torque**
 - * Force
 - * Energy
- v) At a distance, equal to twice of the radius of the earth, above the surface of the earth, the value of gravitational acceleration will be:
 - * One half
 - * One fourth
 - * Four times
 - * **One ninth**
- vi) The range of audible sound is:
 - * 1 Hz – 19 Hz
 - * **20 Hz – 20000 Hz**
 - * 21000 Hz – 24000 Hz
 - * 25000 Hz – 50000 Hz
- vii) The conditions of interference in thin film are reversed due to:
 - * Diffraction
 - * Phase coherence
 - * Refraction
 - * **Phase reversal**
- viii) The magnifying power of a lens of focal length $\frac{1}{2}m$ is:
 - * 1 dioptre
 - * **2 dioptres**
 - * 50 dioptres
 - * 100 dioptres
- ix) This equation represents Bragg's Law:
 - * **$m\lambda = 2d \sin \theta$**
 - * $m\lambda = d \sin \theta$
 - * $2m\lambda = d \sin \theta$
 - * $2m\lambda = 3d \sin \theta$
- x) The distance between the principal focus and the optical centre is called:
 - * Aperture
 - * Radius of curvature
 - * **Focal length**
 - * Principal axis
- xi) If \hat{i} , \hat{j} and \hat{k} are unit vectors, then $\hat{k} \cdot \hat{i} \times \hat{j}$ is equal to:
 - * zero
 - * **one**
 - * \hat{j}
 - * \hat{k}
- xii) The angle between centripetal acceleration and tangential acceleration in circular motion is:
 - * 180°
 - * 0°
 - * **90°**
 - * 45°
- xiii) Kitabul Manazir was written by:
 - * **Ibn-Al Haitham**
 - * Al Razi
 - * Abu-Rehan Al Beruni
 - * Jabir bin Hayyan
- xiv) One radian is equal to:
 - * 1°
 - * 75.3°
 - * **57.3°**
 - * 0.017°
- xv) One kilo watt hour is equal to:
 - * **$3.6 \times 10^6 J$**
 - * $3.3 \times 10^9 J$
 - * $3.9 \times 10^6 J$
 - * $3.6 \times 10^9 J$
- xvi) Two vibrating bodies, having slightly different frequencies, produce:
 - * Echo
 - * **Beats**
 - * Resonance
 - * Polarization
- xvii) If $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = 0$, $\vec{A} \times \vec{B} = 0$ and $\vec{A} \neq 0$, then vector \vec{B} is:
 - * Equal to \vec{A}
 - * Parallel to \vec{A}
 - * Perpendicular to \vec{A}
 - * **zero**