## **BOARD OF INTERMEDIATE EDUCATION, KARACHI**

**INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION, 2016 (ANNUAL)** 

Date: 07.05.2016 2:30 p.m. to 2:50 p.m.

## PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS PAPER I

(Commerce Group – Regular & Private)

Time: 20 minutes

Max. Marks: 15

The correct answers are highlighted in red colour.

## SECTION 'A' (MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS) – (M.C.Qs.)

Code No:POE-07

| NOTE:  | _ |
|--------|---|
| 10 121 |   |

1.

This section consists of 15 part questions and all are to be answered. Each question carries one mark.

Write this Code No. in the Answerscript.

- ii) Do not copy the part questions in your answerbook. Write only the answer <u>in full</u> against the proper number of the question and its part.
- iii) The code of your question paper is to be written <u>in bold letters</u> in the beginning of the answerscript.

| Choose | the correct answer for each from the given options:  |   |     |                     |
|--------|--|---|-----|---------------------|
| i)     | The quantity of a good which is offered for sale at a given between the sale at a give | en price is called:  * Stock                      | *   | Production          |
| ii)    | Under perfect competition, goods are:  * Differentiated * Homogeneous  | * Sub-standard                                    | *   | none of these       |
| iii)   | During Inflation, the value of Money:  * Increases * Decreases   | * Remains constant                                |     | * Becomes zero      |
| iv)    | This is not a direct Tax:  * Income Tax * Sales Tax  | * Wealth Tax                                      | *   | Property Tax        |
| v)     | The Canons of Taxation were given by:  * Ricardo * Robbins   | * Marshall  | *   | Adam Smith          |
| vi)    | To calculate per capita income, national income is divid  * Total population *  * Total expenditure *  | ed by:<br>Total labour force<br>Total income      |     |                     |
| vii)   | The Quantity theory of money was presented by:  * Adam Smith * Ricardo   | * Bobbins   | *   | Irving Fisher       |
| viii)  | Under the law of Demand, if price increases the quantity  * Contracts * Rises  |   | *   | Falls               |
| ix)    | According to the Neo-classical school of thought, Econo  * Material Welfare *  * Economic development *  | omics is the study of: Wealth Scarcity and choice |     |                     |
| x)     | The founder of classical school of Economics is:  * Marshall * Robbins *   | Adam Smith  | *   | Keynes              |
| xi)    | Micro-Economics is also known as the:  * Theory of National Income *  * Theory of Distribution of Wealth *   | Theory of Price Theory of International Tra       | ade |                     |
| xii)   | Supply of Land is:  * Unlimited * Limited  | * Highly Elastic                                  |     | * Perfectly Elastic |
| xiii)  | When Total Utility is maximum, Marginal Utility is:  * Maximum * Positive  | * Negative  | *   | Zero                |
| xiv)   | The ability of a good to satisfy human wants is called:  * Productivity * Utility  | * Usefulness                                      | *   | Scarcity            |
| xv)    | The Demand Curve usually slopes from  * Left to Right *  Left to Right downward *  | Right to Left Right to Left upward                |     |                     |

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